PENNSYLVANIA.

THE CANVASS IN WOODWARD'S AND MERCUR'S DISTRICTS-EVERYTHING CHEERING. FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Towanoa, Penn., Sept. 28,-I have traveled through a number of the counties of this State with Senator Cameron and Attorney-General Browster, and have bad an excellent opportunity of learning its political condition. No two men in the State are better acquainted with its people than Gen. Cameron and Mr.

Brewster, and in every county we have passed through they have been met by the leaders of the Republican party, from whom they have received Republican party, from whom they have received exact information as to the state of the canvass. In no single instance has the account been unsatisfactory. The determination is everywhere expressed to bring out a full vote in October, and careful inquiry has shown that the Republicans have lest no votes, but have gained largely, especially among the young men. I know you will be glad to learn that there is a fair prospect of beating Judge Woodward, the present Democratic Representative in Congress from the XIIth District. The counties comprising the district are Luzerne and Susquehanna, and there is a large defection from Woodward in Luzerne, owing to his personal unspepularity with leading members of his own party there. If Susquehanna County only does its whole duty, and gives the Republican majority it promises, 1,569, Judge Woodward will have leave to slay at home after next Winter. It is said he expresses considerable anxiety about the result. He was in Susquehanna County all last week, and his supporters in Luzerne are doing their best to reconcile the differences among the Democracy of that County, Gen. Cameron and Mr. Brewster have given especial attention to this district, impressing upon every man they could reach the importance of defeating Woodward. They told the people that his former nosition of Chief. Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania had attracted public attention to him in Congress as a representative man, and that his defeat would have an electrical effect throughout the country. Judge Strong, the Republican candidate is working night and day and is sanguine of success. I find that not so much attention is given to large meetings has been adopted, where \$0 or 50 people are gathered together and taught the principles at issue, and in this way a much more thorough and effective canvass is being made. Bradford County, which we are now in, may be set down as good for \$1,000 Republican majority in October. This may sound large, exact information as to the state of the canvass. In gathered together and taught the principles at issue, and in this way a much more thorough and effective canvass is being made. Bradford County, which we are now in, may be set down as good for 4,000 Republican majority in October. This may sound large, but the county has even done better on a full vote. There are three townships here which alone would have saved the State last October if every vote had been brought out; but the people thought the State was safe and stayed at home, and Pennsylvania gave 100 and odd Demodratic majority. The mistake will not be repeated, the party is completely organized and full of endussism. In this Congressional district Judge Moreur is a candidate for redicction for his third term and will undoubtedly succeed. The Democratic candidate is Victor Piolett, who is making as hard a fight as he knows how. He is a smart politicing, and is using every artifice to secure votes. With the Republicans he pretends to be for Grant and promises a Democratic vote for Grant for every Republican vote mat is east for himself. His character nowever, is well-known and it is not likely that he will cheat anybody. The only danger apprehended is that he may colonize in Wyoming county. He is the Superintendent of a railroad now building there and has advertised and placarded not only in this State, but in New-York for 850 workmen and laborers for the read. His movements are being closely watched.

In order to give yon some idea of the exaggerated

atched. In order to give you some idea of the exaggerated figures upon which the Democrats base their hopes of carrying this State in October. I will take the coun-ties composing this district as an example. They al-low the Republicans 3,500 majority in Bradford and low the Republicans 3,500 majority in Bradford and claim the following majorities for themselves. Commbia county 2,000, Wyoming 800, knottour 3,00, and Sullivan 400. In 1896 in the gubernatorial election when they polled their heaviest vote and had their largest majorities in these counties, the following were the majorities: Democratic majority in Columbia, 1,615; Wyoming, 91; Montour, 236, and Sullivan, 325. Bradford County that year gave a Republican majority of 4,043. The following is the Republican majority: Columbia, 1,800 Democratic majority; Wyoming, 300 (they make a liberal allowance here for the railroad and canal); Montour, 400, and Sullivan, 250—a more modest estimate than that of the Democrats, and more likely to be correct. Republicans from Tioga County in this State say that that county is all ablaze and good for 3,800 majority. Everywhere we go the signs are promising, and Gen. Cameron fresh from Washington, and Mr. Brewster full of information as to the prospect in Philadelphia and the eastern and sonthern sections of the State, are enabled to impart as good news as they receive, and to inspire new hope and enthusiasm in our friends to battle for the good cause.

A Republican meeting was held here on the 24th, and though it rained there was a large turn-out. On the 22d an immense mass meeting was beld at Corry, the new A Republican meeting was held here on the 24th, and though it rained there was a large turn-out. On the 2rd an immense mass-meeting was beld at Corry, the new sity, which has spring up in the south-mastern section of this county, and a few days before a burbeene, with an attendance of from 8,000 to 10,000, was held at Edinborough, in the Southern part of the county. Next week a barbeene is to be held at Albion. The school district meetings are all well attended, and there is an earnestness and entitusiasm displayed by the people which has never been witnessed since the Log Cabin graphing of 1880. The Democrata are not idle. Senator Doolittle specks here on Friday evening last, and at Warren on Saturday. The greater part of his speech here was devoted to a demundation of the series of tax haw which the Rebollion made nocessary to provide means for the support of the Government, but when a gentleman in the gallery asked him if he had not himself voted for these laws, he was silent. Poor Boolittle! There is a large amount of naturalization going on here, and it is estimated that eight out of ten of the new citizens thus created are Democrats. It is a noticeable feature of the management of the Democracy in this State that it is of a quiet and answer character—subscranean. Indeed their energy houst that such is the case; and foremest among the measures relied upon by them for success is the whole-male naturalization of foreginers. Even the exposures made in the Shugert and Robinson cases at Harrisburgh, in the contested election, do not deter them. By the law of Congress a declaration of an intention to become a citizen is requisite two years before naturalization; by a proviso, however, anyone arrival in this country. In this way they are manufacturing voters without the previous two years declaration, and there is good reason to suspect that it is being done by the order of the Democratic State Central Committee. During the war foreigners who had not declare their intentions. Having thus escaped the responsibilit

INSULT TO UNION SOLDIERS. THE REBEL-COPPERHEAD PARTY CHARGING THE BOYS IN BLUE WITH BEING COLONIZERS-A

SCATHING REBUKE. HEADQUARTERS SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' STATE (CENTRAL COMMITTEE, PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28, 1868.

At the moment the whole loyal population of Philadelphia is preparing to welcome the survivors of

public. These brave men do not forget that Horatio Seymour vetoed the bill giving the right of suffrage to their countades in New York, while they were in the field fielding the battles of their country. They do not forget that Mr. Wallace, as a Senator, with the whole Democratic party in the Legislature, opposed the right of the soldiers to vote on the field of battle. They do not forget that they were affinded to as "Lincoln's hirelings" by the party of which Mr. Wallace is the chief; nor will they ever forget that in the face of this damning record, Mr. Wallace and his associates are now banded in an effort to restore the Government to the control of forsworn traitors, the authors and prosecutors of the Rebellion; nor that every one of these traitors is joined with Mr. Wallace in a conspiracy against their beloved leader, the great capitain of the age, ten. Grant. Northat Horatio Seymour and Frank P. Blair were nominated by a convention in which heariy 200 Rebel generals, colonels, majors, capitains, and Congressmen were delegates. Nor that the chief of these Rebels, Wade Hamplon of South Carolina, framed and dictated, as a condition of his allegiance, that part of the Democratic platform which declares the acts of reconstruction "ucconstitutions!, revolutionary, and vad "Nur that every Union soldier in the South, chief of these Rebels, Wade Hampton of South Carolina, framed and diciated, as a condition of South Carolina, framed and diciated, as a condition of South Carolina, framed and diciated, as a condition of South Carolina, framed and diciated, as a condition of South Carolina, framed and diciated, as a condition of South with the Victim of daily vengenace and cruelty of the associates of Mr. Wallace and the Democratic leaders of Pennsylvania nor that all the Union generals sent to the South to execute the laws and give protection to the Enion men of tinat section, have (with a single exception) been villified and per-ecuted by these same Rebel associates of Mr. Wallace and the Democratic leaders of Pennsylvania. The grand assemblage of patriotic citizens who risked their lives for the old flag, instead of being welcomed with open arms by the Democratic leaders of Pennsylvania, are insulted by the atrocious calumny that they have been sent for to pollute our ballot-boxes, and are additionally stigmatized as a so-called soldiers' convention. A reproach so shameless comes fittingly from men who have just emerged from a disgraceful companionship with N. B. Forrest, the couriever and leader of the Port Pillow massacre, and his co-conspirators. This is the same Mr. Wallace who instructed his employés, in 1807, "for every Democratic vet policit over 110, we will pay you a fixed rum after the election." This is the same Mr. Wallace who offered floop per month, for three months, to Michael O'Mears to suppress his evidence in the Shugart contested election case. And yet this man, of all others, has the noblushing effrontery to accuse the brave men of the volunteer army and navy of a crime of which he bituself stands notoriously convicted. The Soldiers' and Sailors' Committee of Pennsylvania cannot allow this gross and unprovoked outrage upon the gratitude and hospitality of the generous people of Pilli adelphia to pass unrebuked. They feel that the Democratic leader, indifferent, callous, or hostile, while our loyal people,

A. L. RUSSELL, Secretary.

NATURALIZATION FRAUDS.

THE ATTEMPTED REBEL FRAUDS IN PHILADEL-PHIA-THE DEMOCRATIC COURT OFFICIALS

The Philadelphia Post says that in the Nisi Prius Court, Messrs. Lewis Waln Smith, esq., and Wilham McMichael, esq., representing the petitioners, pre-sented an application of two of the attachés of The Even-ing Telegraph for a mandamus compelling Col. J. Ross Snowden, Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, to allow them to obtain a copy of the newly naturalized citizens, together with their residences and the vouchers. This application was made in consequence of the Prothonotary having refused these gentlemen access to the records. Immediately after the refusal, the following affidavit, which was presented to the Court, was subscribed to:

Columbia, LGIS: Wyoming, Si; Montour, 256, and Sillivan, 256. Bradford County that your gave a Republican majority of 4,665. The following is the
Republican estimate for October: Bradford, 4,690 Republican majority: Colambia, 1,890 Democratic mapority: Wyoming, 300 (they make a liberal allowance
hence for the railroad and canal); Montour, 490, and
Sullivan, 250—a more modest estimate than that of
the Democratis and more likely to be correct. Republicans from Tiogs County in this State say that
that county is all abiaze and good for 3,800 majority.
Everywhere we go the signs are promising, and Gen.
Cameron fresh from Washington, and Mr. Brewster
full of information as to the prospect in Philadelphia
and the eastern and southern sections of the State
are enabled to impart as good news as they receive,
and to impire new hope and enthusiasm in our friends
to battle for the good cause.

FIE CAMPAIGN IN THE NORTH-WESTERN PART
OF THE STATE.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT]

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 29.—Eric County is just being
sanvasced, and the returns indicate that the Republican
majority will be something over 3,000. The county gave
fave, Curtin 2,990 in 1863, and Mr. Lincoln 3,106 in 1864.
Last Fall, owing to local difficulties, it only gave about
1,000 on the State ticket. The county has been divided
ant school districts, and a Committee appointed in each
to this Congressional District, the Hon. G. W. Scofield is
rupping for his fourth term, and will be elected by from
1,290 to 4,000 majority.

A Republican maderity of 4,600 majority.

A Republican majority of the summer of the said of the state of the said o in the prevention of fraudulent naturalization. Your petioners therefore pray that a mandamus may be issued to the said J₄Ross Snowden, commanding him to allow your petitioners to have access to said public records, or that a rule on the said J. Ross Snowden may be granted to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued for the purpose aforesaid. And your petitioners will ever

the purpose aforesaid. And your petitioners will ever pray, cit.
CHAS. E. WARBERTON, JOSHUA SPERING,
ALEX. J. HARPER, WAISON AMBRUSTER,
Personally appeared before me the subscribers above named, and, being dely sworn, depose and say that the facts set forth in the above potition are true to the best of their knowledge and benef.

WAISON AMBRUSTER.

warson Ambuster,
A. J. McCleary.
Sworn and subscribed before me, this 28th day of September, A. D. 1868.
DAVID BRITLER, Alderman. tember, A. D. 1868. Chief Justice Thompson, after reading the document, Chief Justice Thompson, after reading the document, said that he would fix an early day for the argument. Just previous to the presentation of the above affidavit, other persons interested in a similar movement appeared in court, and one of them, a member of the bar, and an officer of the court as well, was authorized by Mr. Snowden, the Prothonotary, to take a copy of the names and residences of those who were being naturalized. While thus occupied, Chief Justice Thompson entered the room, forbid any further copying, and took from the gentleman the list he had already prepared, saying that he would not permit these matters to go before the public, except by authority of a judicial proceeding. The manner of keeping the records of the court hitherto has been merely to register the name of the applicant without any data, by which he could be found if wanted. However, since the above affidavit was administered, the court has directed that the residence of the applicant be recorded in the body of his petition.

MORE FRAUDULENT NATURALIZATION3.

MORE FRAUDULENT NATURALIZATIONS. The Philadelphia Post says:

The Philadelphia Post says:

"It is stated that a number of Marylanders passed through Harrisburgh on Friday night for the purpose of being scattered through Pennsylvania to vote for the Democratic ticket in October. Westmoreland County was their especial destination, in order to defeat the Hon. John Covode. Let the Republicans in every county be vigilant, and prevent their fraudulent intentions. A Republican notifies The Bultimore American that parties of men are being sent to Pittsburgh and other places in Pennsylvania under the pretense of going to seek work, but really for the purpose of voting at the October election. Republicans cannot be too active and vigilant. Remomber, one year's residence in the State, and io days in an election district, with taxes paid within two years, are the legal requisites to an honest ballot. It would be well to have an eye on the poil-book in every township.

THE ELLEN HICKS MURDER-TRIAL OF JOHN DORAN AT WHITE PLAINS. Preparations were made yesterday in the Westchester County Court of Oyer and Terminer for the trial of John Doran, accused of being implicated with Thomas Fitzgerald, Michael Canty, and Thomas Burke (now under sentence of death), and Michael Martin in Philadelphia is preparing to welcome the survivors of the gallant men who fought fown a shavehoiders' robed lion, the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee is the survivors of the the murder of Miss Ellen Hicks, in the village of West-

employed by himself, and that he wished him to go home and resume work. The following are the names of the jurors found competent yesterday: Seth Thorn, New-Castle; Erra Westcott, Bedford; H. F. Huntington, Mamaroneck; George Banks, Wm. Banks, New-Castle; G. W. Lausingburg, Courtland; Alfred White, North Castle, Judge Barnard has ordered the Sheriff to have 100 more men in Court at 9 o'clock this merning, from which the remainder of the jury will be made up.

FAST TROTTING ON THE UNION COURSE.

LADY THORN AND MOUNTAIN BOY. The trot between the celebrated turf favorites, Lady Thorn and Mountain Boy, for a purse of \$2,000, came off yesterday on the Union Course. The weather was magnificent, except that the strong, cool breeze from the South a little retarded the movements of the horses. It was estimated by experienced men that such a wind as

was estimated by experienced men that such a wind as that of yesterday made a difference of two seconds in the time. The track was a little heavy from the recent rains. The attendance was not as large as might have been expected, not over 1,500 persons being on the grounds. Before the first heat the betting was even—the Mountain Bey being, perhaps, the favorite. At the end of the first heat the pool-selling was sloot to sto in favor of Lady Thorn, and after the second heat \$15 to \$1 on the mare was offered with few takers.

First Heat.—The mare had the pole. A beautiful start was made at the second trial, and the word 60 was given. On the first quarter the gelding made a little skip and fell behind the mare by a dozen lengths, but he immediately began to recover ground and passed the mare just beyond the haif-mile post. The mare, however, overlanded him on the home-stretch, and came in about four lengths ahead. Time—2.24.

Second Heat.—They have the word at the first come up. The Mountain Boy almost immediately takes the pole and leads the mare by six lengths, when they pass the haif-mile post, and at the head of the home-stretch continues nearly that much in advance. Lady Thorn now makes a splendid effort and comes in amid deafening applause, some half-dozen lengths ahead. Time—2.24.

Third Heat.—The third heat was almost an exact repetition of the second. Another even start at the first offer, another spurt by Mountain Boy on the first quarter, and another magnificent coup by Lady Thorn on the home stretch. This time, however, the gelding gained a start of only four lengths on the mare, and the contest for the victory was prolonged almost to the Judges' stand before the mare was secure. She came in two lengths ahead. Time, 2 min. 27; sec. The mare never broke for a moment in the three heats, and the impression prevalent among the spectators was that both herses will have to get a little older before Mountain Boy can bear away the paim.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND, Sept. 30. - A purse of \$2,000; mile ate, three in five, in harmons:

D. Prifer's b. m. Lady Thorn

M. McLoughliu's b. Mountain Boy.

Z. J. 2

Time, 2: 24, 2: 24, 2: 274.

the efforts of the agents of the Tammany Committee, who the efforts of the agents of the Tammany Committee, who conducted a host of Germans and Irish before Judges Jones and Garvin. Of 173 applicants—the whole number who received certificates of citizenship from both Judges George Dittert, 118 Exercs. the efforts of the agents of the Tammany Committee, who conducted a host of Germans and Irish before Judges Jones and Garvin. Of 173 applicants—the whole number who received certificates of citizenship from both Judges —163 fobtained their papers gratuitously, or rather by means of tickets from the Tammany Committee, who are supposed to be indebted to the Superior Court in the sum of 75 cents for each of their friends who may be naturalized. Should the Committee not redeem their tickets there will probably be no suit instituted to recover the money. A large number of the aspirants for citizenship, as will appear from the list published below, have led such secunded rives during their residence in this country, that they could procure only one acquaintance, one Patrick McCaffray of McCafferty of No. 122 West Fortlothest, to testify that they had resided over five years in the country, and McCaffray, or McCafferty of No. 122 West Fortlothest, to testify that they had resided over five years in the country, and McCaffray, or McCafferty, of No. 122 West Fortlothest, to testify that they had resided over five years in the country and McCaffray of No. 123 West Fortlothest, to testify that they had resided over five years in the country and McCaffray of No. 124 West Fortlothest, to testify that they had resided over five years in the country and the first had been desirable foliaged. Mahelle, 125 Dancest. Ships Sachuses at McCaffray of No. 124 West Fortlothest, to testify the first had been not a desirable foliage to the first had been desirable foliaged. The

learge Pussner, 312 West 41th at. leary Kranz, 69 Columbia at. learly Greet, 220 East 226-st. learge Shea, 76 Biencker at. learge McCarthy, 142 West 40th at. John Kerrigen, 164 King et John Dillon, 16 Spring at Martin McGorry, 172 Elizabetheat Jaz McConville, 162 West 46th-et. Peter A. Fitspatrick, 142 West 46th-et. Michael Darragh, 172 Hidringe et. Hugh Myer, 3 Goorch 81.

James Jeary, 327 Rast Tairty-second st. James Jeary, 327 Rast Tairty-second Spatrick Pitspatrick, 132 Tenth-et. John Kebbile, 17 Dry Dock-et. George Leggest, 28 Sefolius, Timothy Sullivas, 110th-et. and 1st. ave., A. R. Reed, 167 Variation. Michael Marph ...John Russe John Blenker, 303 Istare. George Tarrell, 221 Hast 3d et ... Julius Damnay, 197 Orchar. at ... Louis Larston, Founpainsville, d. I., Henry Welsendorf, 215 West 7th at ... lenry Welsendorf, 215
John Tracy, 12 Amist-place,
Nichael Faster, 25 West 33d st.
John Kerry, 29 Dorer at.
Wie. Murry, 48 East 14th st.
Fig Goerek at. John Kerry, 20 Borea at West Modes of George Hoffman, 69 Goerskat Edward Tobin, 186 West Eddat Martin Rigiers, 99 Laurensat Martin Rigiers, 99 Laurensat Martin Rigiers, 99 Laurensat Martin Rigiers, 99 Laurensat Martin Rigiers, 190 Borea Month Martin Book, 146 Boraday, Thomas Geallisan, New Brighton, 8, I. John Johnston, 450 Hintson at John Johnston, 450 Hintson at John B. Maney, 160 West Pathad Win. Wengentoth, 200 Least (16th-4) Daniel Noonan, 205 Greenesat. Dennis Kelly, 21 Attorney at John Foster, 223 West 65d-41 Joseph Boyak, 450 Pearl at John Murray, 30th-st, and 7th-we-Adolphus Recenters, 150 Creenwichs John Murray, 30th-st, and 7th-we-Adolphus Mecchantl, 119 Norfolk at W. Pinn, 204 Hester at Daniel Marph, 16 Downing at Roger Feeley, 507 Grandst. Michael Malone, 41 N. 45th-st. George Horter, 240 K. 10th-st. Addrew Meller, Meltone, N. Y. Freferick Langmed, 531 6th-st. Jacob Mester, 413 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 413 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 413 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 414 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 414 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 414 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 415 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 415 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 415 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 414 W. 27th. Jacob Mester, 415 W. 27th. Jacob Me John McCar John B. Klare John Gorna, 14 Roosevelt at
Hanry Meias, 139 Christicat
Theodore Koppin, 128 Spring-at
D. Sullivah, 43 Baxter-at,
Morria Manheim, 336 Sin-ava
Henry Sayres, 111 Int ave.
Walter McXally, 14 Mot-at.
Thos. Fitspatrick, 656 W. 45th-at.
David Schollosebiein, 293 Delancey-a
Win. Duggar, 93 Cherry-at.
Jacob Posser, 130 Sob-at.
Carl Pellestner, 326 Sin-at.
Jacob Posser, 130 Sob-at.
Hugh Kelly, Harlem.
Terance Watson, 530 Sin-at.
John Hogan 13 Gilver-at.
Edward Rorton, 176 Lewissat.
John Drury, Wastcheater County.
David Gilmore, 45 Pourth-ave.
Abraham Becker, 579 Eightheave.
Casper B. Hoffer, 11th-ave.
Win. E. Schertl, Stheave.
Frant E. Kelly, 7 Norfok-at.
Joseph Chute, 11 Easer-at.
John Henry, 37 Washington-at.
Thomas Duffer, 38 Delancey-at.
Otto Ryall, 175 Ludiow-at.
James Binchmore, 266 7th-ave.
Win. King, 466 East Lith-at.
George F. Humbell, 214 West 40th-at.
Joseph Wills, 103 Thi-ave.
George Kirckner, 61 Edridge-st.
Perry Sivers, 221 Avenue B.
Win. H. Lessels, 29 Sofolikat.
John B. Haper-ey, 39 Bayand-st.
Patk. Cronigen, 418 E. 14th-st.
John B. Haper-ley, 294 Delancey-at.
Michl. Mett., 181 Second-st.
John B. Haper-ley, 294 Delancey-at.
Michl. Mett., 181 Second-st.
John M. Harry, 194 Prince-at.
Andreas Rosslin, 119 Sorfolik-at.
Tonio Reinbech, 41 Chrystie-at.
John Marry, West 28th-at. and 10th-

In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, before Judge Barrett, 102 persons were made citizens of the United States, and the papers in 15 cases were rejected. This is a decrease of 122 from the number on Monday. From Monday next Judges Daily, Brady, and Barrett will rolled on the bench in this work. The following is a list of the names of those persons who received their certificates of citizenship yesterday:

Name.

Residence.

Years in Country.

Witness.

Witness.

Witness.

Witness.

Besidence.

Years in Country.

Witness.

D. Hegan.

John Kuhlinger, 136 Liberty-st.....

John O'Brien, 27 Bridgest
John O'Kell, 10 Washingtonest
Francis Lorenz, 25 Greenwighest
August Weckernaun, 219 Centrest
August Weckernaun, 219 Centrest
William Darrigh, 22 Greenwichest
William Darrigh, 22 Briedenu,
Hirrburt Pendegrast, 19 Chrysticest
Mychael Bauer, East New York
Patrick Sheshan, 2005. Secondare,

M. Bolana F. Dennis Morrison C. Timos T. Taylor T. Taylor Charles Beyersdorff, 26 Chrystie at Samuel Bellow, 143 Stanton-at, Heart Koltz, 269 Stanton-at, Jacob Edinger, 164 Hadson at, Henry Erast, 724, Thirdeave, Charles Burgdorff, 50 Scheilf at, Charles Naviere, 67 Sixth-ave, Wm. Bodanner, 15 Hester at, Ferdinand Bockenthein, 4th-ave, a James Bouther, 163 West 60th-at, Charles Dunlesvy, 14 Habert at, John Jorce, 29 Oliver at, John G. Geart, 10 Vessyes, Frederick Lemien, West Farms, N. Michael Lyon, 252 West 26th-at, J. Doggan Mulloney John G. Grave B. Vessy-st.
John G. Grave B. Vessy-st.
Frederick Lemien, West Farma, N. Y.
Michael Lyons, 252 West 25th st.
John Kanfinson, 119 Pitt st.
Frederick Blossy, 25 Allerst.
John P. Karkhieck, Astoria, N. Y.
Herry Ellis, 250 Southest.
Herry Ellis, 250 Southest.
Matthias, Barni, Westchester County,
Patrick Cody, 150 Seventherre,
William Glaccum, Koll Righthere
William Glaccum, Koll Righthere
Martin Morrison, Youkers, N. Y.
Joseph Weltschlegel, 163 Rivustion-st.
Clear Husser, 354 Kast July st.
Jacob Morths, 241 Mest
Jacob Morths, 241 Mest
Jacob Morths, 241 Mest
Lividian, J. Klessling, 122 Ludios st.
Patrick O'Nell, Westchester
Mathias Petr, 9 25 days.
Kenanuel Schalder, 43 Eldridge st.
Bernard Henf, Melrose
Peter Kenner, 328 lith st. D. Prifer's b. m. Lady Thors.
S. McLongblin's b. g. Meuntain Boy.
Time, 2 24, 3: 244, 3: 245.

THE WORK OF NATURALIZATION.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

The business of naturalization in the Superior
Court received a remarkable impetus, yesterday, from
the efforts of the agents of the Tammany Committee, who

> THE COURTS. CIVIL.

An opinion has been rendered in the Special Term of the Common Pleas, by Judge Barrett, in the case of Lloyd agt. Worrell. In this suit Mr. Lloyd claimed to be the lessee from Mr. Worrell of the New-York Theater so long as it should be "mutually crofitable" to himself and Worrell, and sought to restrain the latter from ejecting him. The decision is to the effect that the lease is void, as being too indefinite as to the term and too uncertain as to amount, and, therefore, that the injunction before granted must be vacated.

In the case of the habers corpus of George

In the case of the habeas corpus of George In the case of the habeas corpus of George W. Martin, who, as has been already reported in This Tribener, was brought from Canada under the extradition treaty upon a charge of being concerned in the robbery of \$200,000 worth of bonds from a mossenger of the Merchants Union Express Co. in May last, and was afterward arrested upon a civil process obtained by the Company, the criminal prosecution being abandoned, in the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday, the prisoner's counsel, Mr. Howe, stated that the Company, having received information which threw the guilt upon its messenger. Thompson W. Brown, had abandoned all proceedings against his client, and consented to his release from arrest. He therefore was willing that the writ of habeas corpus should be discharged. Judge Cardozo therefore discharged the writ.

In the Court of Appeals in the cases of the

Alsa Mosarged the writ.

In the Court of Appeals in the cases of the Hope Mutual Life Insurance Coupany agt. Taylor, class Gray at. McLaffay Alex. Clarks Musa logarity and the Same agt. Perkins, appeals from judge ment in favor of the plaintiff on guarantee notes, were argued. The notes in question were given to the Company after it had organized to be applied to the payment of losses after all other assets had been so applied and to be returned when the capital stock neemable Cofficient Mosa. Jaks Schoolins Mosa. Jaks Schoolins Mosa. Jaks Schoolins of the Company was not authorized by its charter to receive any notes except stock or premium notes, and that the Company was not authorized by its charter to receive any notes except stock or premium notes, and that the doctrins of extopped only acts in favor of an insurer who ishows that he insured on the faith of these notes. The Court reserved its decision.

The case of Lucy A. Warner, administratrix, The case of Lucy A. Warner, administratrix, &c., against the Eric Entiroad Company came before the Court of Appeals yesterday. The husband of the plaintiff in this suit, a baggage-master on the defendants trains, was killed on a train through the breaking of a bridge ever the Coulocton. The evidence showed that the bridge felt through dry rot, that it was between his and ten years old, that the bridge-master had examined the bridge by tapping and had not discovered the defect. The Court below charged that if the Board of Directors, by the exercise of that skill and prudence which is to be expected of persons occupying the said position, should have accertained the defect in the bridge, the failure on their part to ascertain would make the defendants liable. The jury gave the plaintiff \$6,000. The defendants appeal, and claims that an employé in accepting employment always accepts the risks arising from the negligence of his co-employés, and that the railroad having constructed a good bridge and provided competent men to inspect and repair it when necessary, cannot be held responsible to one employé for the negligence of the others, and that therefore the Judge's charge was wrong. Even if there were some liability, it could only arise after notice of the defect to the Board of Directors. On the other hand the plaintiff, admitting as a rule that the plaintiff could not recover from the Company for the consequence of the negligences of co-employes, claims that a duty rested on the employer to use due care in providing suitable appliances for the carrying on of the business, and that if the directors either knew or ought to have known under the circumstances that these appliances were unfit, the Company was liable; and that the lary decided by their verdict that the directors ought to have known of the insecurity of the bridge. Decision reserved. reserved.

CRIMINAL.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, City Judge Russel fixed the amount of bail required for the reappearance before the Grand Jury, at the next term of the Court, of John Shea, now in prison, on the charge of perjury and false representation, at \$2,000.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, before Justice Dodge, James Connoily was committed to prison to await trial, on a charge that he had, on the 15th inst., robbed Mr. Samuel H. Taite's store, at

Justice Counnelly, at the Yorkville Police

Court, yesterday, on complaint of Eliza C. Wilson, sent Adam Kaltenbacher to the House of Refuge, for throwing at and breaking the windows of a private school, at No. 133 West Fifty-fourth-st.

In the Westchester County Court of Over

In the Westchester County Court of Over and Terminer, Judge Barnard presiding, with Justices Cochrane, Silkman, and Conklin as associates, Thomas Baxter, indicted for the murder of James Cooney a few months ago, withdrew the plea of "not guility" and substituted that of guilty of manslanghter in the fourth degree. Sentence is to be premounced at 9 o'clock this morning. Baxter and Cooney were founderymen, living at Peckakill, boarding together and bosom friends. They had spent the night in drinking, and while on their way home quarreled, when Baxter struck Cooney on the head with a stick, and from the effects of this blow he died. Baxter always admitted that he struck Cooney, but said that he did not intend to injure him.

Links before that he d'd not intend to injure him.

Chas, Smith was arrested by Deputy Marshal Device, and brought before Commissioner Osborn yesterday, and brought before Commissioner Osborn yesterday. The Chas Smith claims to be an American eitizer, and says before the North German bark Fides, now in this good that Smith was a descript jobs Ragel John Range on the Fides at Marseilles, for a voyage to this port only. He will be examined to-day. Commissioner Osborn continued the investigations in the lottery behalf of the port only. He will be examined to-day. Commissioner Osborn to only the will be examined to-day. Commissioner Osborn continued the investigations in the lottery cases yeardray, and took up the case of Jonnes Thomas.

John Marsh Bester General Feeter Smith ports. Smith claims to be an American eitizer, and says of numbers without a license. A policy of the policy business, as a ten control gigl of three numbers drawn in any other way would answer as well for the policy business, had not label John Marsh. Deceasing J. John Marsh. Deceasing J. John Marsh. John Marsh. Country in the cyc of the law. The Commissioner held that the numbers drawn in any other way would answer as well for the policy business, had not label Jahias Hores. John Marsh. John Marsh. Deceasing J. John Marsh. Deceasing J. John Marsh. Chas. Smith was arrested by Deputy Marshal De-

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

Woodroff, Grover, Checke, Miller, Bacone, Devight, J. J. in Supervisor's Room in New County Coart House.—Preferred Calcadar.

11. Butter, ex., &c., agt. Tucker,
Morrow, adm'r. agt. Richard
21. Burdy, et al., ex., agt. Bundy,
12. Carmichael ex., &c., agt. Car
inchael, ex., &c.
14. Morrow, adm'r. agt. Richard
25. Carmichael ex., &c., agt. Car
inchael, ex., &c.
16. Brew der, et al., ex., agt. St.
17. Lee agt. Dill, et al., ex., &c.
18. Tracer, adm'r. agt. Troy &
Mathews agt. Roberts.

25. The People, ex., &c., Quin &
Sainger.

Court of Appeals Calcudar.—The
Court of Appeals Calcudar.—The
Oct. 1, in the Court of Appeals, New-York: Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
17, 18, 19, 29, 24, 22, 23, 24, 25.

Supermed Course—Chambers—Meld by Cannosa, J.—Court opens at

SUPERME COURT-CHARRENS-Held be Cambora, J.-Court opens at 10 a. m. Call of Calcudar at 12 in. 18t. Duryes agt. Lever.

THE MONEY MARKET.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE.—FIGST CALL,

102 O'CLOCK A. M.

10,000 U S & S. MI Comp. 1134 34,000 U S & S. 68 Reg. 1000;
40,000 U S & S. 20 Com 60 1124 5,000 U S & S. 28 Reg. 51 100;
1,000 U S & S. 20 Com 65 109; 125 100,000 U S & S. 20 Reg. 100;
1,000 U S & S. 20 Com 65 109; 125 100 U S & S. 20 Reg. 100;
1,000 U S & S. 20 Com 65 109; 125 100 U S & S. 10-40 Reg. 100;
2,000 BrkTa & W 12 Metropolitan B 141 100 M S & N L 83;
2,000 BrkTa & W 12 Metropolitan B 141 100 M S & N L 83;
2,000 Lost call, 63; 100 Cauton 60; 100 Ullinois Com 145
2,000 Lost call, 63; 100 Cauton 60; 100 Ullinois Com 145
2,000 Lost call, 63; 100 U S & S. 10-40 Reg. 100; 100
10,000 C 1 50. Mest U T 34
10,000 C 1 50. Mest U T 34
10,000 C 1 50. Mest U T 34
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 Fracise Mash. 107
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 Fracise Mash. 107
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 Fracise Mash. 107
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 Bost W P 13
11,000 M 23 Call, 67
12,000 M 25 (100 Fracise Mash. 107
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 Bost W P 13
11,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100 M 10; 100
10,000 M 10,000 M 10; 100 M 10; SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE. - FIRST CALL,

| 12 | 25 000 U S 5-20 Coup | 51 | 102 | 25 000 U S 5-20 Coup | 67 | 110 | 000 U S 5-20 Coup | 51 | 10 | 100 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 | 10 | 000 |

| 100 Canton Co. | 663 | 300 Ohio & St P p. | 943 | 240 Sarapona p. | 172 | 100 Canton Co. | 664 | 300 Ohio & M | l. | 241 | 50 | 500 Canton Co. | 664 | 300 Ohio & M | l. | 242 | 500 Canton Co. | 665 | 600 Canton Co. | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665 | 665

sales of the past two days for the purpose of break ing the market have largely increased the short interest, which has to be supplied from the small amounts sold by the dealers-as the break has not brought ont any amount of bonds held for investment, and the desire of holders is rather to purchase than sell at present rates. At the close the market was firmer, with a heavy demand to buy at the decline. State bonds were lower. Tennessee ex-coupons sold at 68; new bonds, 672@672; North Carolina excoupons, 75 @75; new bonds, 74@701; Virginia 6s, new, 534. Railway bonds were inactive. Canton declined to 46; Western Union Telegraph, 301; Pacific Mail was excited, selling at 108, 106‡, 107‡, 110‡, 109‡, closing 111‡ bid; Mariposa Preferred sold at 12‡. Express shares were stronger on Adams, which sold at

523; Wells-Fargo, 294; American, 48@477; United States, 50 a 492. At 1 o'clock Adams sold at 531; United States, 51; American, 50; Wells-Fargo, 29%. Railway shares opened weak on New-York Central at 1261, and Erie at 461. The Western shares continned steady. At the 10 o'clock board N. Y. Central sold at 1261 @1261; Erie, 461; Hudson, 1381; Michigan Southern, 821 @831; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 85; Toledo, 161: Rock Island, 1011; North-Western shares, 871. Cleveland, Patnesville and Ashtabula made a further decline of 2 per cent, selling at 961; Fort Wayne, 1101: Chicago and Alton, 150. After the board there was a general improvement in prices, with sales of N. Y. Central at 127; Erie, 474; North-Western stocks, 881; Rock Island was buoyant, advancing to 1021. At the 1 o'clock call prices were steady. At the Second Board the market was dull, and no disposition was shown to purchase stocks in face of the extreme stringency in money, and the fear that still greater difficulty would be found in carrying stock which oaned in many instances at 7 per cent. As the stringency is artificial there was no disposition to buy, in fear of the fact that a combination could advance the price of money in one day 3 per cent. At the close the market was weak and unsettled. Fort Wayne sold at 109, ex dividend of 2) per cent. Governments closed steady.

S. 5s, 1881, Cou. ... 113 2 113 1 U.S. 5-20 Co. new '65.1072 2 108 S. 5-20 Fey ... 1085 0 1682 U.S. 5-20 Cou. '67, 1072 2 108 S. 5-20 Cou. '62, 1172 2 1108 U.S. 5-20 Cou. '67, 1072 2 108 U.S. 5-20 Cou. '67, 1072 2 108 2 10 The following are Wm. Heath & Co.'s last quota-

tions of stocks: | Common | C 123 122 932 594 76 94 1082 284 231 1182 834 147

Aiton & T. H. 2d M. Inc. 824 Chie & Alt. S. F. Income Calc. & N. W. S. Fund. 964 Atlan. & Gt. W. 1st M. Consol'd 7 per cent, con. 914 10tb. & Sioux C., 1st M. Con. 7 p. c. Ex'n Bond. 88 Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 88 1 Con. 7 p. c. 1 M. 88 Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 88 1 Lack. and West. bonds. 96 Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 90 Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 90 Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 91 Mil. & St. Paul 2d Mt. 91 Mil. & St. Paul 1 (A.Mdiv. Tol. & W. 1 M. ex. 91 Chie. & Mil. 1st M. 91 Tol. & W. 2d Mor. 84 Joliet & Chi. 1st M. 91 Tol. & Wab. Equip. Bds. 6 Chie. & G. E., 1st M. 94 Money was in shared demand. At 8.27 necessit. Money was in sharp demand at 6 %? per cent, with the bulk of business at the highest rates. Government brokets were supplied at 500 per cent. At the close of bank hours the demand for money was sharp at 7 per cent, and continued until long after 3 o'clock, with reports of gold interest being paid in some

Sterling Exchange was firm, with sales at 1084, but leading dealers ask 1081, and do not sell at less rates. We quote: London, 60 days, 1081 2 1081; London, sight, 109@109;; London, prime commercial, 108@1081; Paris, long. 5,20@5.187; Paris, short, 5.171@5.161; Antwerp, 5,221 & 5.20; Swiss, 5,221 & 5.20; Hamburg, 351 @35; Amsterdam, 40; @401: Frankfort, 401 @401;

Bremen, 79@791; Berlin, 714@711.

The transactions at the office of the Assistant Treasurer were: Receipts for Customs, \$419,000; for Gold Notes, \$55,000; total Receipts, \$4,219,192 14; total Payments, \$7,626,600 51; Balance, \$94,499,990 11. The following is an official statement of the business of the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in New-York, for the month ending

Sept. 20, 1868: Aug 31, 1868, by balance. Receipts during the month, On account of Customs \$13,279,450 03 On account of Gold Notes... On account Internal Revenue. 177,333-37
On account 2 per cent Certif's. 5,630,000-00
On account 17 per cent Certif's. 307,125-53
On account 17 per cent 10,056,000-00
On account 17 per cent 10,056,000-00
On account Miscellaneous. 6,671,968-83
On account Miscellaneous. 6,671,968-83
On account Disbursing Acc'ts. 19,858,499-91
On account Assay Office. 71,723-97
On account Laterest Accounts. 5,876,416-25—54,298,708-59 \$141,854,160 86

Payments:
Tressary Drafts
Post-Office Drafts
Disbursing Accounts
Assay Office
Interest Accounts, viz: \$30,303,470 82 197,489 83 In Currency 17,908 00- 47,854,170 78 Balance Bal. to Cr. Treasurer U. S. \$79,239,113 25
Bal. Cr. Disbursing Accounts 12,634,373 69
2,205,969 57
College 2,205,533 60 \$94,499,990 11

Assay Office. 2,205,969 57
Bul. to Cr. Interest Accounts. 329,533 69—
Receipts for Customs in the month of
September, 1866.
Receipts for Customs in the month of
September, 1867. \$13,279,460 03 \$1,311,625 49 Increase in September, 1868

Deposits of Silver, including Pur-chases. Foreign Coius. Foreign Bullion. 6,000 00 Total deposits: Payable in Bars. \$1,270,000 00
Total deposits: Payable in Cous. 249,500 0001,519,500 00
Gold Bars stamped. \$1,431,241 53
Transmitted to U. S. Mint, Phila., for Coinago. \$24,203 31

The railway war between the New-York Central and Eric Railways has reopened with renewed vigor Both goads have reduced their rates for transportation to starvation prices, and ifreight is now taken from New-York to Chicago at rates which do not more than pay for handling it at the stations. The war will be of great advantage to shippers of freight. who will be the only gainers, at the expense of the stockholders.

The bonds of the Rockford, Rock Island and St. Louis Railroad are being taken with great rapidity, and largely in excess of the expectations of the managers of the road, at 95 and accrued interest. The high rate of interest, being 7 per cent in gold, and the prospects of a successful completion of the road, and large profits to be made on the coal properties, are attracting the attention of investors.

Wednesday, Sept. 30—r. M.
Gold opened at 1411, selling at 1411, 1411, 1401, closing 1401@1402. The supply of gold for delivery, the opening rates were 3-32, loaning at 1-16, 1-32, and flat, closing about 1-32 per cent for coin. The clearings at the Gold Exchange Bank were \$130,714,000, and the balances \$4,177,582 30.

Government bonds opened lower on '62s, which sold at 1122, and stronger on the new bonds, which were in good demand for investment. The heavy sales of the past two days for the purpose of breakvelopment of this large estate

The Boston Trurreller of Monday says:
There is an active and steady demand for the use of money. So call
cans, even no Government securities, were reported this forence under
per cent, but many former credits at a lower figure were received, and
sipher rates were exacted and paid, to bridge over quarter day, which
fill virtually take place on Saturday, although the bank returns to the
Controller of the Treasury will not be sect to Washington and Monday
account, before the commencement of business by the banking inattalows.

The Hudson River Railroad Company has declared a The coal trade sale to-day shows a sharp improve-

ment in prices, averaging over 85 cents per tun on all

Asses:
Task
14,000 Lump

\$5 15 \$\pi\$\$ 5 25

4 45 \$\pi\$\$ 47\$

14,000 Steamboat

\$6 37\pi\$\$ 5 62\pi\$\$ 4 80 \$\pi\$\$ 47\$

10,000 Grate

\$6 00 \$\pi\$\$ 6 15

\$8,000 Egg

\$5 2\pi\$\$ \$\pi\$\$ 6 60

\$5 2\pi\$\$ \$\pi\$\$ 5 52\pi\$\$

\$8,000 Chestnut

\$5 2\pi\$\$ \$\pi\$\$ 5 77\pi\$\$ 4 30 \$\pi\$\$ 4 52\pi\$\$ Freights to Liverpool, 50 tuns Oil Cake at 27s. 6d., and by steamer, to-day, 7,500 bush. Wheat at 8jd; and for next week's steamer 7,500 bush. Wheat at 10d.; 500 bbia. Flour at 2s. 6d. To London, 190 tuns Oil Cake at 27s. 6d. Messrs. W. P. Wright & Co.'s Cotton Circular per Chins

next week's steamer 7,600 bush. Wheat at 10d.; 500 btis. Flour at 2s. 6d. To London, 100 tuns Oil Cake at 27s. 6d.
Messrs. W. P. Wright & Co.'s Cotton Carcular per China 83ys:

In this market last week prices declined i Die, per B, with small sales to domestic communers. Cotton on the dock and to arrive were offered freely on the basis of 256. for Midding. Yesterday and today, owing to the more favorable ture in Liverpool, there has been a better feeling, with a recovery of the decline, and we closs with much firmness on the part of holders, and a more general desire on the part of hopers to operate. Our stock is but 9,000 bales, a large proportion of which is estimated and in process of delivery, or held above the present market value. The sales for the feel for the end of the part of holders, and a more 9,000 bales. Some farther contracts have been Sellers for future delivery are not nonerous past now.

The carances have been for Liverpool, 1,495 bales, and 146 for Hamberg. Total 1,641. The uncleared engagements are 1,200 for Liverpool and 1,700 for Havre. Freights to Liverpool, 2-164; to Havre, 12*14.

The steamers for Havre have all the room engaged up to the end of October, chiefly with cotton bought recently in New Oriesna, and new on the way here from that port. We have already anoptes of cotton affine for unvised the process of the marketer aphners to this neethed of purchasing; their agents here could always have a large association from which to select, and the time for the arrival of the cotton at Liverpool, and especial shortly to have an active business. We would respect the process of the Mancheter spinners to this neethed of purchasing; their agents here could always have a large association from which to select, and the time for the arrival of the cotton at Liverpool and have been proved to 2 for. A fair business has been done. In Savannah Midding were quated last week, but recovered yeated to the account week at New York. A fair business has been done. In Savannah Midding were quated last week,

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

A limited amount of the first mortgage bonds of

the Union Pacific Railroad Company are offered to the public, as one of the safest and most profitable investments.

1. They are a first mortgage upon the longest and most important railroad in the country. 2. They are a first mortgage upon a property that

cost nearly three times their amount. 3. By law they can be issued to the Company only as the road is completed, so that they always repre-

sent a real value.
4. Their amount is limited by act of Congress to \$50,000,000, or an average of less than \$30,000 per mile. 5. The Hon. E. D. Morgan of the United States Senate, and the Hon. Oakes Ames of the United States House of Representatives, are the Trustees for the bondholders, to see that all their interests are

protected. 6. Five Government Directors, appointed by the